## **Collisions**

**Def**: A collision is an event in which 2 or more objects interact for a very short period of time. During this time, <u>the external forces (if any) on the system are much smaller than the internal impulsive forces between the objects and thus can be neglected</u>. Therefore, the system is an isolated system and the total linear momentum of system will be conserved!

## Types of collisions

1. <u>Elastic Collsion</u> – The momentum and KE of the system is conserved.

$$\vec{p}_i = \vec{p}_f$$
 and  $K_i = K_f$ 

2. <u>Inelastic Collision</u> - The momentum of system is conserved but KE is not.

$$\vec{p}_i = \vec{p}_f$$
 and  $K_f < K_i$ 

3. <u>Perfectly Inelastic Collision</u> - Two objects stick together after a collision and move off with common velocity. Maximum loss of KE.

$$\vec{p}_i = \vec{p}_f$$
 and  $K_f < K_i$